TD Wealth

Private Investment Advice Relationship Disclosure

TD Wealth Private Investment Advice Relationship Disclosure (RD) has changed. Below is a copy of the up-to-date RD. Please familiarize yourself with its terms. If you have any questions about the RD, including the recent changes, please contact your Investment Advisor.

Thank you for choosing TD Wealth Private Investment Advice as your wealth management provider. We are committed to providing you investment advice and recommendations to help you meet your financial goals.

It all begins with your relationship with your Investment Advisor, and an understanding of the role of your Investment Advisor and the services we offer.

This Relationship Disclosure document is subject to change. Should there be a significant change, we will inform you. If you have any questions related to the content of this document, please contact your Investment Advisor.



Our Relationship with You

We will

- Go through a discovery process and complete the New Account Application with you, also referred to as the "Know Your Client" (KYC) form, to understand your investment goals and circumstances
- · Help you to clarify and define your specific financial goals
- Work with you to develop a tailored investment and wealth plan to align with your priorities, and set out timeframes for marking progress towards your goals
- Access the full spectrum of TD's capabilities, to help you reach the goals set out in your investment plan

Our ask of you

Your input as we go through the discovery process and complete the New Account Application, or the "Know Your Client" (KYC) form, is essential to help us meet your expectations. Our advice to you will be based on the information you provide. Having accurate information helps us tailor our advice to your needs to help you achieve your investment goals.

For this reason it is very important that you:

- Provide complete and accurate information on the application form and supporting documents
- Provide us with updates when there are material changes in your information
- Inform us in a timely manner of any other changes that could impact your financial situation or your investment needs and objectives

The Services and Products Offered Services

TD Wealth Private Investment Advice offers four types of accounts, each of which is discussed in more detail in the next section. The accounts are:

- Advised: Fee-Based Accounts
- · Advised: Commission-Based Accounts
- Managed Accounts
- Externally Managed Accounts

In addition to the tailored investment and wealth plans we also provide, we offer you access to other professionals in TD who can provide expertise in areas such as estate planning, philanthropic giving, and business succession planning.

Available Investment Products

We offer the following investment products:

- Cash equivalents such as T-Bills and other money market instruments
- · Fixed income or debt securities such as bonds and debentures
- Equities including warrants
- Investment funds including mutual funds and exchange traded funds
- Alternative investments such as Principal Protected Notes, Principal at Risk Notes, Hedge funds, Options, etc.

Investment Advisors with TD Wealth Private Investment Advice who are licensed to sell life insurance products with TD Waterhouse Insurance Services Inc. can offer you life and health insurance products.

TD Wealth Private Investment Advice offers a comprehensive range of products and services. Your Investment Advisor may choose to incorporate some or all of these products into a recommended portfolio. For more information, please refer to the investment explanations in the Investments at a Glance, a booklet prepared by the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA) for financial consumers. This booklet is available on the CSA website at www.csa-acvm.ca

New services and products

As additional services and products are developed, you can find out about them by reading the information included with your statements and other communications from us. You can also speak with your Investment Advisor at any time to discuss these products and whether they are appropriate investment options for you.

Account Types and How They Operate

(Please select all that apply)

Advised account(s)

Advised accounts may be commission-based or fee-based accounts. In both types of accounts, your Investment Advisor is responsible for providing suitable and investment recommendations to you. The investment recommendations will be based on the KYC information that you have provided. You can use the investment recommendation we provide to determine the trading activity in your Advised account. All trading activity in an Advised account must be approved by you, or your authorized representative, prior to execution.

Managed account(s)

Managed accounts are governed by an Investment Policy Statement, prepared by your Investment Advisor in consultation with you, which will guide all investment activity in the account. Your Investment Advisor is licensed as a Portfolio Manager with the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC) and will manage your investments on a discretionary basis. Your Portfolio Manager is responsible for making all investment decisions in the account (you do not make any investment decisions) and to ensure all holdings and activity are consistent with the details of your Investment Policy Statement. You can expect to meet with your Portfolio Manager at least annually to review and, if required update your Investment Policy Statement.

Externally Managed Account(s)

Externally managed accounts are managed on a discretionary basis by TD Waterhouse Canada Inc. in accordance with one or more investment strategies or mandates under the direction of dulylicensed Portfolio Manager(s) or Portfolio Management firm(s). Your Investment Advisor is responsible for recommending a suitable investment mandate to you based on the KYC information that you have provided. A description of the mandate's investment strategy, the identity of the Portfolio Manager(s) making the investment decisions in it and a description of the types of products that will be held in it including cash, fixed income, equities, mutual funds and exchange traded funds will be provided to you. You or your authorized representative must select the investment mandate in writing prior. Once selected, as in a managed account, you will not be required to approve the day to day trading decisions occurring within the mandate(s).

Fees and How They Are Calculated

The fees you will pay, either directly or indirectly, will vary depending on whether you have a commission-based account or fee-based account and include the following:

Commission-based account(s):

Commission-based accounts do not pay a fee to us based on the value of the assets in the account. Instead, we receive compensation from the commissions we charge on trades made by you or indirectly from the trailing commissions on securities held in your account. The following provides more detail on how we receive these fees:

Equities and other securities trading on a recognized exchange

We charge a commission on every trade we make for you. Commissions applied to trades on your Advised account(s) will be established between you and your Investment Advisor and be confirmed at the time of trade and they will be included on the transaction confirmations we send to you.

Debt securities

We receive remuneration on a spread basis for debt securities that trade "over-the- counter". Where a spread has been charged on a

transaction, the trade confirmation we provide to you will disclose the spread we receive.

Mutual funds

Mutual fund managers usually receive a management fee equal to a specified percentage of the net assets of the fund. Fund managers pay us a portion of their management fee called a trailing commission for the ongoing services we provide to you. As an example, if you have invested \$10,000 in a fund, a trailing commission of 0.50% would pay us \$50 annually. In some circumstances you may also be charged other fees in connection with mutual fund transactions such as early redemption fees, switch fees, etc. As mutual fund fees vary by fund manager and product type, you should speak with your Investment Advisor to understand the charges related to any particular transaction or you can refer to the *TD Wealth Private Investment Advice – Statement of Disclosure of Rates and Fees* document.

Fee-based account(s):

Fee-based accounts can be advisory (which TD Wealth Private Investment Advice calls Cornerstone accounts), where you make the investment decisions based on the investment recommendations we provide to you, or they can be managed on a discretionary basis (in either Privately Managed Portfolios program or an externally managed account) where the investment decisions are made for you. Fees for fee-based accounts are calculated as a percentage of the assets in these accounts and will be charged against your Private Investment Advice account(s). You will complete the appropriate TD Wealth Private Investment Advice agreement with your Investment Advisor, which will set out this fee and the manner of payment. Any mutual funds that do not pay a trailing commission to us are designed for fee-based accounts and have a lower management fee. Where securities that pay a trailing commission to us are held in the fee-based account, we will not include the value of the security in determining the asset total of your account for the purpose of calculating your account fee. This means that you will not pay a direct fee to us on securities which pay a trailing commission to us and they will not be included in determining the fee tiers which are applicable to the calculation of your account fee.

Other fees and charges

TD Wealth Private Investment Advice may also charge other fees related to the operation of your account and the holdings of securities in the account. For complete details of these fees and charges please refer to the *Private Investment Advice – Statement of Disclosure of Rates and Fees* document.

Assessing the Suitability of Your Portfolio

We will assess the suitability of investment held in your accounts at various points in time to make sure they align with your objectives and tolerance for risk. These suitability factors are informed by:

- Your current financial situation: We will review your financial assets (liquid, fixed) and liabilities (debt, mortgage) including the sources and amount of your income – we will consider the size of any transaction compared to the overall value of your net financial assets (assets minus liabilities)
- Your current investment knowledge: Whether you consider yourself, or we understand you to be, a novice investor, an investor with some knowledge of financial products or an investor that understands complex financial products
- Your current investment objectives: Your specific financial goals will help us determine how to structure a portfolio to help you meet your investment objectives, which could include protecting your principal, generating income, and/or generating capital growth from your assets
- 4. Your expected time horizon: How long you expect to keep the majority of your assets invested will impact your investment strategy and the types of assets which are appropriate for you. It is important to consider when you may need a substantial portion of your capital

- 5. Your risk tolerance: In any investment there is a risk of loss of capital. That risk is greater with some investments than others There are two primary factors that affect your risk tolerance:
 - Your financial capacity to tolerate volatility in the value of your portfolio; and
 - Your willingness to tolerate volatility in your rate of return Both factors are taken into consideration in determining your overall risk tolerance.
- Investment portfolio composition and risk level: How the mix of particular securities in your account will affect the overall investment risk of your account.

We will provide you with a copy of your KYC document at the time of account opening and any time material changes are made to it.

Advised accounts:

Before your Investment Advisor provides recommendations for your account, or acts on your trading instructions, they will first determine whether the investment is suitable for you according to your most recent "Know Your Client" (KYC) information. That is why keeping that information up to date and accurate is very important.

Managed accounts:

A discussion with you about the suitability for you of individual investments is not required as your account will be managed according to your "Know Your Client" (KYC) information and the terms of your Investment Policy Statement (IPS). Your account holdings will be rebalanced from time to time in accordance with your KYC information and IPS to ensure ongoing suitability.

Externally Managed Account

As described above, Externally managed accounts invest in an investment mandate for which investment decisions are made by a duly licensed Portfolio Manager or Portfolio Management firm. Your Investment Advisor will recommend a suitable investment mandate to you based on your KYC information. Based on that recommendation, you will instruct TD Wealth Private Investment Advice which investment mandate you wish to invest in. Your Investment Advisor will endeavor to review you KYC information with you on a regular basis, at least annually, to advise whether the investment mandate continues to be suitable for you.

Suitability Review Timing

In the context of the six suitability factors listed above we will assess the suitability of the investments in your account when:

- 1. Accepting each of your orders
- 2. Recommending the purchase, sale, exchange or holding of any security or mandate
- 3. You deposit or transfer securities into your account on an "inkind" basis
- 4. You advise us of a material change in your personal or financial circumstances, your investment objectives or risk tolerance. In that case we will update your "Know Your Client" (KYC) information and ask you sign a KYC Update Form, or an updated New Account Application Form as confirmation of our understanding
- 5. There is a change in the Investment Advisor responsible for your account

Given most clients invest for the long-term; we do not automatically review the suitability of the investments in your account(s) when there are market fluctuations. Your Investment Advisor is happy to discuss the effect of market fluctuations on your portfolio with you at your request. We encourage you to speak with your Investment Advisor if you have any questions or concerns, and especially if you anticipate that you will be:

- · converting your assets to cash in the near future;
- considering major changes (for example, a major purchase such as a house);
- shifting your retirement timeline, or;
- other important updates to your KYC information.

Our Reporting To You

Trade Confirmations (not applicable to managed accounts or externally managed accounts or purchases of mutual funds through a Systematic Investment Plan other than initial purchases)

When you buy or sell securities, we will send a trade confirmation within one business day of the trade date by your choice of electronic or postal delivery.

It will contain the details of the transaction including but not limited to:

- Security name, marketplace and dates
- Amount paid by you for your purchase or paid to you on a sale
- Amount of any commission, spread, charge or fee applied

Account statements

You will receive an account statement:

 Monthly if activity occurs in your account (excluding interest and dividend payments) in the preceding month or upon request

 Quarterly, whether or not there has been activity in your account Each statement for the reporting period will include but is not limited to:

- Your name, address, account type and account number
- Name, address and telephone number of the Investment Advisor and branch where the account is maintained
- · Book value and market value all holdings in the account
- · Activity that occurred in the account for the reporting period
- Account performance and personal rates of return since inception and for 1, 3, 5 and 10 year periods, as applicable

Annual Report on Charges and Other Compensation

Each year, you will receive a report, for the 12 months ended December 31st. which will set out the following:

- · the fees and charges related to the operation of your account;
- the amount of any trailing commission received by us in relation to securities held in your account; and
- any compensation, other than trailing commission, received by us from an issuer of securities or another dealer or adviser.

Investment Benchmarks

Investment benchmarks generally provide a broad measure of the return generated by specific asset classes over a given period. An investment benchmark can be used as a standard against which the performance of a security or investment portfolio can be measured. The most common form of investment benchmark is an index, such as a stock or bond index. Some common broad based market benchmarks include the S&P/TSX Composite Index, FTSE TMX Canada Universe Bond, and the S&P 500 Index.

Investment Risks

Investing in securities involves some risks. Risk is often measured by the extent to which the value of the securities fluctuates. The more frequent and greater the fluctuations, the more volatile the security. Each investor has a different tolerance for risk. Some investors are significantly more conservative than others when making investment decisions. Risk can be reduced by diversifying investments across the three main asset classes: money market investments for security, bonds for income and equity investments for growth. The common types of investment risks that may be applicable to a portfolio of securities include, but are not limited to:

- An issuer of a fixed income security may be unable to make interest payments or pay back the original investment.
- A high concentration of assets in a single or small number of issuers may reduce diversification and liquidity within a portfolio and increase its volatility.
- Equity securities are affected by stock market movements, and equity securities of certain companies or companies within a particular industry sector may fluctuate differently than the overall stock market because of changes in the outlook for those individual companies or the particular industry.

- Some securities may be illiquid because of legal restrictions, the nature of the investment itself, settlement terms, a shortage of buyers or other reasons. Generally, investments with lower liquidity tend to have more dramatic price changes and may subject the investor to losses or additional costs.
- The value of securities denominated in a foreign currency will be affected by changes in foreign currency rates or the imposition of foreign exchange controls.
- The value of a portfolio that invests in bonds, mortgages and other income producing securities is affected by changes in the general level of interest rates.
- Investments in foreign securities involves additional risks resulting from different reporting standards and regulatory requirements, the amount and reliability of publicly available information, and the volume and liquidity of some foreign stock and bond markets.

Alternative funds include, but are not limited to, hedge funds, fund of hedge funds, private equity funds and real estate funds. Alternative funds typically have more flexible investment strategies than conventional mutual funds. Many seek to provide performance under all market conditions by borrowing money to increase investment exposure, short-selling and other investment practices that are not often used by conventional mutual funds.

Alternative funds are not regulated.

Alternative funds are not subject to the same regulations which govern the investment practices of conventional mutual funds. Managers of alternative funds are subject to requirements similar to other market participants and owe a fiduciary duty to the funds they manage.

Alternative funds are not required to provide the same level of disclosure as conventional mutual funds to their investors, including certain periodic reporting and valuation information. Alternative fund documents are not reviewed or approved by securities regulators. As a result, it can be more difficult to evaluate the terms of an investment in an alternative funds.

Alternative funds may employ speculative or risky investment. strategies

Alternative funds may employ a unique strategy which may not have a comparative benchmark or index. Alternative funds may be leveraged (including highly leveraged) and their performance may be volatile. There is no guarantee that an alternative fund's investment goals, objective or targeted returns will be reached. Strategies intended to hedge risk may be partly or wholly unsuccessful. Some alternative funds may use a single advisor or employ a single strategy, which may mean a lack of diversification and higher risk. Some alternative funds may execute all or a portion of their trades on over the counter markets which may involve a higher degree of risk.

Alternative funds may have limited liquidity or may be illiquid and there may be significant restrictions on redeeming or transferring interests. An alternative fund's fees and expenses, which may be substantial regardless of any positive return, will offset the fund's profits. In the case of a fund of funds, fees and expenses are charged at both the fund and underlying funds levels. As a result, the fees charged will be higher than they would be if an investor invested directly into the underlying funds.

Fees related to Alternative funds

Alternative funds may pay a management fee to the fund manager in respect of a series of the fund and all expenses of the fund allocable to that series. These fees and expenses form the management expense ratio which is charged to the alternative fund and not directly to investors in the fund. Some alternative funds may also pay a performance fee in addition any other fees and expenses which are payable by the investment fund. The manager of the alternative fund may charge the performance fee on the entire return or on the profit above a high watermark or a hurdle rate. The fees, expenses and compensation structure of any fund will be outlined in the offering documents of the fund. The account fee which a client pays to Private Investment Counsel for the advice and services it provides is in addition to any fees and expenses (including management, performance and/or administration fee) accrued and paid within the alternative fund. This brief description does not disclose all of the risks and other important aspects of investing in securities and the use of derivatives within a portfolio. It is important to take into account your own comfort with risk as well as the amount of risk suitable for your financial circumstances and goals.

Conflicts of Interest

We have adopted policies and procedures to assist us to identify and control conflicts of interest that we may face. For full details on our conflict of interest policies please see the **Statement of Policies** section of the *TD Waterhouse Canada Inc. Account and Services Agreements and Disclosure Documents* booklet provided to you at the time of account opening. Since the **Statement of Policies** may be updated periodically, we are happy to provide you with an updated copy upon request.

Other Helpful Information

Client Problem Resolution Process

We look forward to serving you. Our policy is to establish open communication in order to build and maintain a strong relationship between you and your Investment Advisor. However, misunderstandings and mistakes can occur. If you have a complaint, please do not hesitate to let us know. Our **Client Problem Resolution Process** is included for your reference in the *TD Waterhouse Canada Inc. Account and Services Agreements and Disclosure Documents* booklet which is provided to you at the time of account opening.

A Checklist of Documents

We will provide you with copies of the following documents pertaining to your account:

- 1. A copy of the New Account Application Form containing your completed KYC information
- 2. TD Waterhouse Canada Inc. Account and Services Agreements and Disclosure Documents, including the Statement of Policies
- 3. This Relationship Disclosure Document
- 4. TD Wealth Private Investment Advice Statement of Disclosure of Rates and Fees
- 5. Strip Bond Disclosure Document
- 6. Canadian Investor Protection Fund (CIPF) Brochure
- 7. An Investor's guide to making a complaint
- 8. How IIROC Protects Investors



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