

Changes to Visa Rules on Maximum Allowed Time Frames for Authorization and Clearing of Visa Transactions

Effective April 13, 2024, Visa is making changes to its rules that set out the maximum allowed time frames for the authorization and clearing of transactions. These changes will impact the maximum allowed time that Merchants have from the date they obtain the initial authorization of a transaction to the date they must complete and clear that transaction. The changes impact all transaction types:

- Card Present (CP)
- Card-Not-Present (CNP) transaction for both Cardholder-initiated* and Merchant-initiated transactions**

*Cardholder-initiated transactions are typically where the Cardholder is entering/providing their card information on website and directly interacting with the Merchant or the Merchant website.

**Merchant-initiated transactions are typically where the Cardholder has provided their card information to a Merchant for future transactions. A common example for this scenario is a recurring monthly subscription.

Transaction Type	New Maximum Time Frame
CNP (Cardholder-initiated) transactions	10 calendar days
Transactions with an estimated authorization indicator for any of	
the following Merchants:	30 calendar days
Cruise line	
Lodging	
Vehicle rental	
Transactions with an estimated authorization indicator for any of	10 calendar days
the following Merchants:	
Aircraft rental	
 Bicycle rental, including electric scooters 	
Boat rental	
Clothing and costume rental	
DVD and video rental	
Equipment and tool rental	
Furniture rental	
Motor home rental	
Motorcycle rental	
Trailer parks and campgrounds	
All other CP transactions	5 calendar days
All Merchant-initiated transactions	5 calendar days

Transactions must be completed within the new maximum time frames:

Failure to complete a transaction within the maximum allowable time may result in the transaction being disputed (charged back) under applicable Visa dispute rules.